an amendment to Mr. Boas's motion, to reject all the Senate amendments, which was but leading up to a conference on the disagreeing votes between the two houses in a parlamentary manner.

Mr. Folkes, of the Finance Committee, who, by the way, never takes a drink, made a strong speech against Mr. Davis amendment. He declared that he was a temperance man, in the sense that he was willing to go with the people on the subject, but he opposed the Mann bill in strenuous language. He appealed for the Sistaining of the House Committee, and said if Mr. Davis' motion was adopted there would be nothing left for the House to concede, and therefore would have the House conferees at a disadvantage.

HIDDEN MOTIVES.

Mr. Tokes intimated that some of those advocating the Mann bill desired it in order to relieve the corporations of taxes, and he proceeded ably to defend his position. He said he had looked at the bill purely from a revenue standpoint, and that was the only proper view to take of it.

atton. He said he had looked at the bill purely from a revenue standpoint, and that was the only proper view to take of the said it was a cry of temperance in order that corporations might escape open taxation, and he, for one, would never erendorse it, as in his view of the case, the financial life of the State was threatened in the bill. He charged that evil things were sought here to be done in the name of God, of temperonce, and all that was good and hely. He contended that the passage of the Mann bill would put the red flag upon the doors of the country stores, and would disturb business both in the cities and in the country stores, and would disturb business both in the cities and in the country stores, and would disturb business both in the cities and in the country districts. Mr. Folkes made a very strong speech, and pleaded ably with the House to follow precedents with reference to disagreeing votes on revenue measures.

Mr. Sebrell followed Mr. Folkes in a strong speech in favor of his substitute, and explained it in dotail, arguing with telling force that it was in the nature of a compromise, which he earnestly believed would solve the liquor question once for all in the rural districts, and in his judgment would meet all the objections urged against the Mann bill.

Mr. Schrell called attention to the admirable workings of the dispensary in his town, in so far as it had elevated the State could go out of the business and not come in contact with its citizens in any enterprise. He had incorporated the dispensary feature to a certain extent in his bill, because it prohibited the dishensery feature to a certain extent in his bill, and he call and carnest plea for his bill, and he relterated the belief that it would go a long way toward settling the question.

MR. CATON'S POSITION.

MR. CATON'S POSITION.

MR. Caton, of Alexandria, spoke for the Sobrell substitute and against the Mann bill, devoting the great portion of his speech to an excoriation of the latter. He was a temperance man, but was in frovor

was claimed for it, and act and activities.

If prohibition was right in the counties it was right in the cities, and if liquor was to be wiped out in one section, it should go in all sections. The bill up was direvenue one, and the question of temperance should not be injected to be about and confluse. In closing Mr. Caton devoted himself to a consideration of the Sebrell substitute, which he carnesty favored, and which he declared would be declared fair and just to all the people. Mr. Duke followed in opposition to the Mann bill, and made a strong speech, designed to show that prohibition did not prohibit. In conclusion, Mr. Duke favored the passage of the Sebrell substitute and said it was by far the better bill of the two.

of the two, r. Duke submitted the following ta-Mr. Duke submitted the rollowing unbie, obtained from the Internal Royenus Department at Washington, showing the number of liquor licenses granted in prohibition States:

Statement showing the number of special tax payers as retail and wholesale fealers in spirituous and mail iduors in Maine, Kansas and South Carolina durients deal visual 1969:

Deal 1013. ale Liq Retail Malt

futy.

"We have passed a pure elections bill, and it does not behoove us to dodge on this other great moral issue."

Mr. Newhouse interrupted to say that the questions were not parallel, but quickly the member from Secti replied that he fild not propose to be thrown from his balance, and he declared that the liquor repole had the Levislature on the run. halance, and he declared that the liquor people had the Legislature on the run and that the body should stop. He was poposed to the Conference Committee laking the Mann bill to the bargain counter for pocket change, whoever might pompose that committee. It should be fought out here and now, and upon a fair vote of the House.

DISPENSARY DEFENDED.

Mr. Gravely, of Henry, injected a trong defense of the dispensary system, without discussing either of the pending measures. Mr. Gravely produced figures to show that the dispensary system was the best solution of the problem after all, and he defended the system in an able manner.

manner,
Mr. Settle offered a bill to require depositories in counties for school books,
in a slight bull after Mr. Gravely's speech,
and Mr. Fulton presented another fence
law bill.

Mr. Davis now took the floor to close

Distress After Eating

Nausea between meals, belching, vom-Iting, flatulence, fits of nervous headsche, pain in the stomach, are all symptoms of dyspepsia, and the longer It is neglected the harder it is to cure it.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Radically and permanently cure it -strengthen and tone the stomach and other digestive organs for the natural performance of their functions.

Accept no substitute for Hood's. "I had dyspepsia twenty-five years and took different medicines but got no help until I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Have taken four bottles of this medicine can now eat almost anything, sleep well, have no cramps in my stomach, no burning and no distress." Mrs. Williams G. Barrett, 14 Olney St., Providence, R. I. Mood's Sarseparilla promises to



Hats

because a new suit is hardly complete without a new

Get them both here and

Revision Committee to take up the work when the Legislature adjourns May 15th. Adjournment followed at 1:30,

DISCUSSED IN WASHINGT'N

the Senate, "said Judge 3. G. Dev. Section A. Aviditor of the State.

"Of course, I do not know."

"Virginia bonds are now quoted at 22,"
the Judge said in answer to my question.
"I think they will go to 00, but not

NO FAVORITE

Five of the Six In the Ben-

nings Races Unplaced.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3 .- Charm

ing weather and a card that gave promise

of excellent sport attracted the banner

crowd of the meeting thus far to the races

MASS OF ROCK FELL

CAUSING BAD WRECK

Times-Dispatch Bureau, No. 1417 G Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., April 8d. "The Senate will not pass the bill appropriating two hundred thousand dollars

JAMESTOWN BILL

there'll be no misfit. Instead of trying to fit

your face to one style of hat we keep all styles of hats in order to give your face a fair show.

\$1.50 to \$7.50

Including Dunlap and the Stetson Soft Hats.

O. H. BERRY & CO.

the debate for his motion, and he discussed the morits of the Mann bill in a most able mannor. He replied to the remarks of Messrs. Folkes and Caton at some length, and was followed closely by the House. He was not treating the question entirely as a moral one, although he contended that no law could be a good one that was not founded upon morality. He believed that public sentiment domanded the passage of the bill, and as a representative of his people he stood for the bill. He took a drink himself, bit he wanted to put his hand on the man who seduced his sons and the sons of others, and he would, if he could, break up the indiscriminate sale of liquor in saloons. He was here to plead for the boys and the broken-hearted women in Virginia, and he desired to place reasonable restrictions upon the sale of liquor. Everyone would concede that the liquor business was a dangerous one, and therefore should be restricted. He called attention to decisions of the Supreme Courts of Virginia and the United States on this line, and then he took up the Mann bill and discussed it in detail.

AN OLD PRINCIPLE.

Mann bill and discussed it in detail.

AN OLD PRINCIPLE.

It was an ancient principle of law that a nulsance should not be put upon people without their consent, and the Mann bill only required that consent.

Mr. Davis told a story of a young man who had appeared as a witness against the re-estblishment of a bar in a certain county, and whon he went on the stand the bar-keeper expressed surprise, and said the young man was one of his best customers.

said the young man was one of his best customers,
"That is why 1 am here," replied the latter, and the speaker said that the bar was not re-established and the young man who was going to the bad was now one of the most prominent young physicians in the section where he lived.

The speaker contended at great length that the people wanted the bill, and it should not be risked into a conference, where the genileman from Richmond—Mr. Folkes—had said it would be used to get concessions from the Senate, Mr. Davis was asked a great many questions and he answered them and proceeded with his remarks, growing cloquent and stirring in his appeals to the House to answer to the call of the people and pass the bill without sending it to the conference.

forence.

Mr. Davis yielded to a motion to adjourn, and it was made by Mr. Turpin, and upon roll-call rejected—ayes, 31; noes, 37. The pending question was ordered and it recurred upon the Schrell substitute and it was rejected—ayes, 13; noes, 44.

DAVIS MOTION LOST.

Mr. Sebrell offered a further substitute, modifying the one rejected, and this was rejected by an overwhelming vote, and the vote was taken upon the Mann bill principle, on the motion made by Mr. Davis. The roll-call on Mr. Davis' motion resulted as follows:

Ayes—Messrs. Allen, Angell, W. W. Baker, Barham, Biscoe, Boaz, Bowman, Cabell, Carter, Christian, Davis, Fulton, George, Heermans, Hoffman, Huff, Jennings, E. C. Jordan, Lacy, Lee, Lowry, Lyell, Mathews, Murrell, Nottingham, Orgain, Overby, Owen, Powers, Quisenberry, Read, Reynolds, Rice, J. W. Smith, Stafford and Turpin—30. DAVIS MOTION LOST.

Orgain, Overry, Owen, Fowers, Galactic Perry, Read, Reynolds, Rice, J.-W. Smith, Stafford and Turpin—30.

Noes-Messrs. Charles T. Bland, Branch, Cardwell, Caton, Coleman, Cumming, Dudicy, Duke, Edmondson, Folkes, Gardner, Goodwin, Green, Harman, Hunley, Walter Jordan, Lassiter, Lewis, Mays, Moor, Newhouse, Owens, Purdy, Robinson, Sebrell, Settle, Sipe, Blackburn Smith, Snead, Stearnes, Toney, Waddy, Walker, Wallace, Ware and Whitehead—38.

The sending question was offered on Mr. Wallace, Ware and Whitehead—30.

The pending question was offered on Mr.
Boaz's motion to refuse to concur in all
the Senate amendments, and it was

the Senate amendments, and it was unanimously agreed to PASSED.

To provide for the establishment, proper construction and permanent improvement of the public roads and landings, and for building and keeping in good order and repair all public bridges, causeways and wharves in the State of Virginta.

To amend and re-enact sections 10 and 12 of an act entitled "an act to amend and re-enact chapter 402 of the Acts of Assembly, sossion 1961-2; entitled an act to protect sheep and other stock in the counties of the State, approved March 29, 1992, and to amend the title thereof so as to provide for imposing a license tax on dogs. on dogs.

The Senate.

The Senate.

The Senate session began with prayer by Dr. George Cooper. Lieutenant-Governor Willard was In the chair, having returned from New York, where his little daughter is sick.

Senator Mellwaine, chairman of the Committee for Courts of Justice, reported Senate bill No. 290 with amendment.

To legalize an election hield in Charlotte county for the purpose of subscribing to the capital stock of the Charlotte, Farmville and James River Valley Railway Company.

county for the purpose of sunserining to the capital stock of the Charlotte, Farmy ville and James River Valley Railway Company.

A joint resolution from the House that Tuesday next at 12:10 the House and the Senate proceed to elect corporation judges of the city of Bristol and the city of Radford, was adopted and Senator Byars was requested to inform the House that the Senate had concurred in the resolution.

Colonel Cabell, of the House, informed the Senate that the House had agreed to the joint resolution regarding adjournment May I6th as amended by the Senate. The special order for 12:15 o'clock for the consideration of Senate bill No. 255, to authorize the Board of Supervisors of the several counties to issue bonds of the several magisterial districts on its second reading. The object of this bill is to allow the magisterial districts to raise money for the purpose of providing good roads. The importance of having good roads. The importance of having good roads is so great that considerable discussion followed. Some Senators wanted the bill amended so as to have the bonds issued by the outific county instead of by the districts. The bill was passed by, so many difficulties arising.

Former Lieutenant-Governor Echols was the president of the Senate has changed considerably since Mr. Echols was the president of the Senate has changed considerably since Mr. Echols was the president of the Senate has changed considerably since Mr. Echols was the president of the Senate has changed considerably since Mr. Echols was the president of the Senate has changed considerably since Mr. Echols was the president of the Senate has changed considerably since Mr. Echols was the president of the Senate has changed considerably since Mr. Echols was the president of the Senate has changed considerably since Mr. Echols was the president of the Senate has changed considerably since Mr. Echols was the president of the Senate has changed considerably since Mr. Echols was the president of the Senate has changed considerably since Mr

OWN SECRET

Death Reveals Romance of Long Standing.

A PRETTY VIRGINIA GIRL

Miss Alice Tyler Known as a Widow Though Her Marriage Had Been Kept Secret for Five Long Years.

The Times-Dispatch Bureau, No. 1417 G Street, N. W.,

Washington, D. C. April 3d.
Miss Alice Tyler, a member of one of the oldest families of Fairfax county, Va., was one of the chief actors in a n this city.

Mbout seven years ago her parents died. She was quite young, cultured and very beautiful. She was also ambittous. She was in very straitened dircumstances, so she determined to go to work. She

propriating two hundred thousand dollars for the Jamestown Exposition," was the surprising statement made here to-night by a member of the Virginia House of Delegates. The gentleman forbade the use of his name, but allowed me to quote this simple statement.

"I am told there is no great opposition to the Jamestown appropriation bill in the Benate," said Judge J. G. Dew, Second

very beautiful. She was also ambitious. She was in very straitened circumstances, so she determined to go to work. She ceme to Washington, and stood the civil service examination for appointment to a clerkship in the office of the Treasurer of the United States. She got the appointment. She has a spiendid record in the office for efficiency.

Employed in the office with Miss Tyler was John F. Baster, of Maryland. He was an odd fellow, very quiet, very retiring, and apparently very much opposed to anything approaching cordiality of relations with the opposite sex. But soon after Miss Tyler came into the office there was a great change in Baster's manner and apparance. He "approaching the evidenced such decided fondness for the society of Miss Tyler that it was plain he was body smitten.

Baster generally escorted Miss Tyler home from the office in the afterneon and generally he managed to come with her in the morning After a time he went to live at her boarding-house, No Ti7 Tenth Street, N. W. Of course, he was there with her more than ever. The young men and young women frequently toased each of the young people about the other. It seemed a "settled thing," but those who wished to see a fruition of love in marriage grew very tired waiting. Never very strong, some months ago Enster began frequently to complain of feeling unwell. Before Christmas he became so till he had to cease work, and went to the Sibley Hospital. Miss Tyler was at his bedside every day, and finally obtained leave of absence and spent the greater portion of her time with him. The officials of the hospital objected to her spending the night in the room with him. The patient's bill was promptly paid, and he was removed to the Garfield Hospital, where he died a few days ago. Imagine the astonishment of the friends of the dead, man and the lady when they read in the funeral announcement of Mr. Easter's death that he was survived by his wife, formerly Miss Allos Tyler, of this city, and by a brother, De La War B. Easter, of Baltimore.

The couple the Judge said in answer to my question.

"If think they will go to 00, but not any lower."

"It should not be forgotten that had it not been for the eight Republican votes cast for the Jamestown bill it would not have passed the House," said Hon. Hugh Gordon Miller, of Norfolk, ussistant district attorney, at the Raleigh to-night. "I am glad our people took the stand they did, The bill will pass the Senate with little opposition, I understand."

"I understand somebody has predicted that Virginia centuries will go to 50 as the result of the \$200.000 appropriation to the Jamestown Exposition," said Mr. S. P. Brent, the well known Alexandria lawyer, at the New Williard to-night.

"I wish I could get hold of a lot of them at 90. They would be a good investment."

"The best a man could find," said Mr. Henry Carlyh, "of Alexandria, seated near by.

Seatiment among Virginians here is

keep her own secret.

MONTAGUE A CANDIDATE.

Governor Montague and Mrs. Montague and Mrs. Hoskins, Mrs. Montague and Mrs. Hoskins, Mrs. Montague's mother, returned to Richmond to-day, after a few hours spent in Washington. They arrived late last night, and stopped at the New Willard.

The Governor refused to discuss State or national politics, but Judge J. G. Dew, Second Auditor of Virginia, who came with the Governor, talked very freely.

"There is no doubt Mr. Montague will be a candidate for the United States Senate to succeed Mr. Martin, I suppose," said the Judge at the Metropolitan to-day. "I am not his special confident, but it is well known that he desires to go to the Senate, and he will be a candidate unless there should be such a change in conditions by 1965 that it is seen that he cannot be elected. Everybody knows that he is wery popular in Virginia. crowd of the meeting thus far to the races at Bennings to-day. It was a bad day for the talent, not a single favorite when hing, and five out of the six favorites were implaced. The sixth race, at a mile and one hundred yards, was the contest of the day. For nearly a mile Sir Floran, with T. Burns up, and H. L. Coleman, ridden by Redferit, ran side by side. Burns then carried Sir Floran over the line a winner by a scant half length. Summary:

First race—for three-year-olds and upward, six furiongs—Mrs. Frank Foster (4 to 1) first, Dr. Taylor (2 to 1) second, Pageant (8 to 1) third. Time, 1:14 2-5.

Second race—maldens, half mile—Orlza (6 to 1) first, Woodshade (3 to 1) second. Transmigration (20 to 1) third. Time, 50 3-5.

lar in Virginia.

"I was a strong advocate of the election of General Fitz Lee to the Sanate when Mr. Martin defeated him in 1893.
But I am frank to say that Virginia has

But I am frank to say that Virginia has not had a better representative in either branch of Congress since the war than Mr. Martin has made."
Judge Dew did not express preferences as between the candidates.
It is probable that in the interviews with Representative Hay, of Virginia, printed in this correspondence yesterday, he was represented as being out and out in favor of Mr. Gorman for the Demogratic nomination next year. Mr. Third race—selling, seven furlongs—Col-onsay (7 to 1) first, Lord Advocate (4 to 1) second, Little Boy (4 to 1) third. Time, Boy company the second by the Fourth race—selling, seven furlongs—Meister Singer (6 to 1) first, Tommy Foster (5 to 1) second, Animosity (6 to 1) third. Time, 1:28 2-5.

Fifth race—maidens, six and a half furlongs—Prancer (7 to 1) first, Heathsville (12 to 1) second, Michaelmas (40 to 1) third. Time, 1:24 3-5.

Sixth race—selling, mile and one hundred yords—Sir Floran (13 to 5) first, H. L. Coleman (3 to 5) second, Benckert (5 to 1) third. Time, 1:50, Parker, and his wiews have not under

Parker, and his wiews have not undergone any change. But Mr. Hay, in common with thousands of other Democrats, thinks Mr. Gorman has qualities of leadership which commend him to the best men among the party leaders.

Mr. Thomas S. Moore, United States district attorney for the Western District of Virginia, is here, accompanied by his wife. He is here on official business. Mr. Moore says it will not be long, he thinks, before the Republicans of Virginia will have an organ, which is to be printed at Roanoke, It is to be a failly paper, devoted to the interto be a daily paper, devoted to the interests of the State, and the Republican party in Virginia.

TERRIBLE CALAMITY NARROWLY AVERTED

(By Associated Press.)

NORTHFIELD, YT., April 3.—A mass of rock, which had fallen on the tracks of the Central Vermont Railroad, near here, caused the wreck of the northbound express, running from Boston to Montreal, to-day.

The locomotive and three cars plunged over an embankment forty feet high, but only one man, Timothy C'Nell, of Northfield, the fireman, lost his life. All on board the train were violently shaken, but none of the train hands or passengers were injured beyond a few slight bruises. The locomotive struck the pile of rocks with terrific force. The express, mall and bageage-cars loft the rails and would have piled upon the locomotive had it not suddenly swerved from the road and tumbled over the embankment, the three cars sliding shead of the engine in the descent. Fireman C'Nell was buried in the ruins of the engine. (By Associated Press.)
LAKE MILLS, WIS., April 3.—A terrible calamity was narrowly averted at this place to-day, when President Roosevelt's train passed through. A large verts train passed through. A first erowd was present, and the moment the train stopped there was a rush for the rear-end of the car, from which the Presi-dent was to speak. There was a jam on the tracks when the train began to move beckeneds.

backwards.

A yell of warning caused the crowd to scatter, and while some were slightly bruised in the scramble, no one was seriously hurt.

We Sell KEPT HER ATTEMPTED BRIBERY

Lawyer Arrested in Connection With Dr. Flower Case,

WANT TO BUY INDICTMENTS

Alleged That He Offered \$1,750 for the Five Bills Against Dr. Flower-Was Held in \$5,000 Ball for Examination

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, April 3.—Lawyer George
Edward Mills, the business partner of the son of Dr. Richard C. Flower, was arrested to-day on the charge of attempt remance which has just come to light ing to bribe Assistant District Attorney Garvan, who is the prosecutor in the case against Dr. Flower. It is alleged he offered Mr. Garvan \$1,760 for the five original indictments against Plower.

Mills was held in \$5,000 ball for examination.

tion.

Acting District Attorney Schuman made the following statement in reference to the case!

"On March Sth last, a man purporting to represent George F. Mills, one of H. C. Flower's lawyers, came to the office of Mr. Garvan, deputy assistant district attorney, and stated that Mr. Mills wanted to meet him with a view of making a money proposition to induce him to get rid of the charges pending against R. C. Flower, and to make a favorable roport, declaring that the late Mr. Hagaman died from natural causes. Mr. Garvan immediately brought the man before District Attorney Jorone, who before District Attorrey Jerome, who took charge of the matter from that time

on.
"At District Attorney Jerome's tion Detective Sergeant Brindley met Mills, who made the proposition to him that for the sum of \$2,000 he obtain from the offices the original indictments against

the offices the original indictments against Flower and to bring them to Mills to be destroyed in his presence:

"To-day Brindley meb Mills at a restaurant and Mills there gave him \$1,600, saying the money was to be given to Mr. Garvan; also \$250 for Brindley personally, saying that he (Mills) had \$250 more which he would keep for himself. Brindley then delivered to Mills the five original indictments against Flower, which District Attorney Jerome had procured nal indictments against Flower, which produced for that purpose with the permission of the court. Brindley at once placed Mills under arrest and called witnesses who were. In the restaurant at the time and in their presence took from Mills possession the five original indictments against Flower. Mr. Schuman absolutely refused to make

public the name of the person referred to as having approached Mr. Garvan.

LYLE CHILD LABOR

BILL WINS OUT. The conference committee on the dis-

agreeing votes between the Senate and House on the child labor bills have reached a report, which will be made to the two houses to-day, recommending the passage of the Lyle bill, which pro vides simply that no child under the vides simply that no child under the age of twelve years shall labor in any mill or factory in the State. The vote stood four to two in favor of the Lyle against the Cabell bill, Mr. Graveley, one of the House conferees, voting with Messrs. Lyle, Garrett and Whitehead, of the Senate.

Messrs. Cabell and Wallace, the other two conferees, sign the report with the written explanation that they do so only because they desire to go on record as favoring the only reform on the subject which they could get, though they cearn-

Dunlop, died at her residence on Franklin
Street yesterday afternoon. She was one
of the best known ladies in Petersburg
and was beloved by all who knew her.
She was a daughter of the late Colonel
Doniel Butts, and is survived by four
childron. They are Mr. Robert Dunlop, of
Louisvale, Ky; Mrs. William H. Wright,
of Baltimore; Mrs. Warner Moore, of
Richmond, and Mr. Dan. Dunlop, of Petersburg.

because they desire to go on record a favoring the only reform on the subject which they could get, though they, earnestly contended for the Cabell bill.

PROMINENT VISITORS.

Among the prominent Virginians at the Capitol yesterday were farmer Lieutenant-Governor Echols, of Staunton; Hon. B. R. Harrison, of Amherst, and Hon. W. M. McAllister, of Bath, the two latter gentlemen having formerly been members of the House.

CHETTING BETTER.

Lieutenant-Governor Willard, who has been to New York to take his little daughter for medical treatment, has returned to the city and presided in the Senate yesterday. He says his child is getting along nicely, and that she is recovering rapidly from the effects of a most successful operation.

Dismantled Schooner.

(By Associated Press.)

NORFOLK, VA., April 8.—The dismasted and dismantled fishing smack Belle Marie, with Captain Thomas McKeewn, a white and two colored deck-hands aboard, was towed into Norfolk harbor to-day by the British steamer St. Bebe.

Verdict of Guilty.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., April 3.—The jury in the case of Walter N. Dimock, accused of stealing \$30,000 from the United States mine, reported a verdict of guilty to-day. Sentence will be imposed next

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Sarah Oabell Bohannon.

Mrs. Sarah Cabell Bohannon died at 11:10 o'clock yesterday morning at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr, Charles Lorraine, No. 210 West Main Street, in the eighty-first year of her age.

She was the widew of Dr. Richard L. Bohannon, who was for many years a professor at the Medical College of Virginia, this city.

The funeral services will be conducted from the above residence this afternoon at 5 o'clock by the Rev. Dr. Russell Cecil, paster of the Second Presbyterian Church, of which she had been for many years a member.

Mrs. Mary Eloise Dunlop.

The death of Mrs. Mary Eloise Dunlop

The death of Mrs. Mary Eloise Dunlor occurred Thursday afternoon at her resi-

Keep Your Home Clean

Death Dust

A Bugbear to Bugs.

Quick, sure destroyer of Roaches, Bed Bugs, Spiders, Centipedes, Ants, and all insects. Bugs will not enter a house where Death Dust

THE CARROLLTON CHEMICAL CO., Ballie

AMUSEMENTS.

APRIL 15th.

Confederate Bazaar.

Remember the Date. No Raffling Allowed.

Mrs. Alice S. Mills.

Mrs. Alice S. Mills, mother of Mrs. N. A. Stall, of this city, died Tuesday night at hor home, in Akron, Ohio. Mr. Stall and Mrs. J. F. Kinney, left Wednesday to attend the funeral.

Funeral of Mr. Luck.

The remains of Mr. Lindsay L. Luck, who was found in the dock Thursday morning, were taken yesterday morning to Hewlett's, Va., where the interment was made. The funeral services were held yesterday, afternoon.

Mrs. Philip Nicholas. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
ARVONIA, VA., April 8.—Mrs. Philip
Nicholas died very suddenly at her home.

Island Point, Buckingham county, at 11

Island Point, Buckingham county, at 11 o'clock Wednesday night. She was returning from the postoffice in the morning in a buggy with Mrs. Robert Nicholas, when she was stricken with paralysis and never railled.

The funeral took place from the residence at 8 o'clock to-day and the burial was in the family cemetery at Sovag Islands.

Mrs. Nicholas is survived by her hus-band and several children.

Mrs. Mary Dunlop

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

PETERSBURG, VA., April 8.—Mrs. Mary Dunlop, widow of the late Robert Dunlop, died at her residence on Franklir

Mrs. Walter S. Staley.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
MARION, VA., April 3.—Mrs. Walter
S. Staley, aged sixty-two years, died at her home here on April 2d. Mrs. Staley

her nome ners on April 20. Mar. Staley, her husband; Dr. Thomas Staley, of Bristol, Tenn.; and Harry B. and David Denton, of Marion. Her three brothers, D. H. Hull, John N. Hull and H. B. Hull, also live at Marion

A. T. Neal.

as been magistrate of Banister district. Miss Mabel Chipley.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

LEXINGTON, VA., April 3.—The remains of Miss Mabel Chipley, whose death occurred Thursday, due to pneumonia, were to-day sent to her home in Stephens City. She was engaged in teaching in the family of Rev. A. C. McNeer, Collierstown, Rockbridge county.

Mrs. Mary R. Coakler.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
KING GEORGE, VA., April 3.—Mrs.
Mary R. Coakley died last night, aged
seventy-three years. She is survived by
nine children, all of whom have families
and reside in this county.

Bernard B. Semmes, Jr.

LEXINGTON, VA., April 8.—Bernard B. Semmes, Jr., grandson of Colonel T. M. Semmes, of the Virginia Military Institute, died Thursday in Newport News, after an operation for appendicitis. His remains were brought here to-day and burded.

Mrs. Emily Henry.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
WINCHESTER, VA., April 3.—Mrs.
emily Henry, who was a Miss Green,
of Rappahannock county, died here last
night. She is survived by a husband and

DEATHS.

BOHANNON.—Died, at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Churles Lorraine, No. 210 West Main Breet, Place, April 3d, at 11:10 A. M., Mrs. SALAHI CABBILI BOHANNON, in the eighty-first year of

Funeral from the above residence at 5 o'clock THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON.

Paso Robies (Cal.) papers please core.

four children,

tersburg.

has been used. Successful in millions of homes.

dence on Franklin Street. She was the widow of Mr. Robert Dunlop, and was quite well known in the city. She is survived by four children, Mr. Robert Dunlop, of Louisville, Ky. Mrs. William H. Wight, o Baltimore, Mrs. Warner Moore, of this city, and Mr. Daniel Dunlop, of Petersburg. r. M. O. A. Hall, Saturday Night, April 4 DR. A. A. WILLITS, DAYTON, O.

Reserved Seats on Sale. TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED, ALL TO KNOW THAT EAS-ter Lilles, Calla Lilles and all kinds of bedding plants can be had at RICH-MOND MALE ORPHAN GREEN-HOUSES, Take River View car at Beech and Main.

MARRIAGE.

GIBBON-MCLUNG.—Married, at the home of the groom's mother, No, 107 N. Beventh Street, Richmond, on the afternoon of Friday, April 8, 1903, GEORGE ARMISTEAD GIBBON and ALICE WINDONAH MCULUNG, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. McClung, of Mesdow View, by the Rev. William B. Williams.

CAMPBELL CASE IS SET

House to Vote Upon it on Thursday.

FIFTY-ONE ARE REQUIRED

Members Likely to Attend in Large Numbers Not Only to Take Part in This Fight But Others Which are Billed for Next Week.

concerned, the Campbell-Crawford case on Thursday next, April 9th, that body having yesterday, on motion of Mr. Lee, of Fairfax, set that day for the consideration of the resolutions removing Judge A. T. Neal.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

OHATHAM, VA., April 3.—A. T. Neal,
a prominent citizen of Plittsylvania country, died Wednesday at his home near
ty, died Wednesday at his home near
Shockoe after a few days' illness. Mr.
Neal was in his sixty-first year. Ho
served in the Civil War, and was wounded at Gettysburg. He has been a very
successful farmer. For several years he
has been magistrate of Banister district. Campbell from office. The twenty days

following day.

So far no answer has been filed by the accused judge, but it is expected early next week. What will be its nature ne one seems to know, but it is likely that it will be "not guilty," and request the privilege of being represented by counsel on the floor of the two houses. The general belief in legislative circles seems to be that if this request is made it will not be granted, inasmuch as the precedents are all said to be against this course. The fact that the House has fixed a

course.

The fact that the House has fixed a day to take the case up will likely impel a full attendance of members.

OTHER REASONS.

There are many other reasons for expecting a full house all during the week. The tomage tax bill, set as a special order on Thursday, will corral all the southwest members here, and other matters of sweeping importance on the calendar will tend in the same direction.

The question of pairing is an interesting one in connection with the Campbell case and it seems pretty well understood that every pair made operates against the report of the committee. It is, therefore, with great difficulty that a Campbell advocate can get a member holding to the opposite view to pair with him, and this method of killing votes on either side will not be generally adopted.

STRONG SPEECHES.

There is going to be some heavy firing from both sides when the case comes up in the House next Thursday, and many strong speeches are expected for and against the peport. The case is one of the most interesting of its kind ever fought out before a Virginia Legislature, and it has been a lively matter over since its inception last summer.

In order to adopt the report fifty-one affirmative votes are required in the House, and there is a great deal of speculation as to the result, the main contention being that on a full house chances favor adoption.

favor adoption.



